

## 1 Boyles Law

At a constant temperature:

$$PV = \text{constant} \quad (1)$$

$$P = \frac{\text{constant}}{V} \quad (2)$$

$$P \propto \frac{1}{V} \quad (3)$$

## 2 Charles Law

At a constant pressure:

$$\frac{V}{T} = \text{constant} \quad (4)$$

$$P = \text{constant} \times T \quad (5)$$

$$V \propto T \quad (6)$$

## 3 Third gas law

At a constant volume:

$$\frac{P}{T} = \text{constant} \quad (7)$$

$$P = \text{constant} \times T \quad (8)$$

$$P \propto T \quad (9)$$

## 4 General gas law

$$\frac{PV}{T} = \text{constant} \quad (10)$$

## 5 Universl gas constant

For 1 mole of any gas, the value of  $PV/T$  is a constant (Equation 10), defined as the *universal gas constant*,  $R$ . In its general form (for  $n$  moles of the gas):

$$PV = nRT \quad (11)$$